

HTW Committee – Human Element, Training and Watchkeeping 2025 Mock Session **FINAL ROUND** Agenda item: 3

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# SEAFARER MENTAL HEALTH: GLOBAL CRISIS, POLICY INNOVATION, AND IMPLEMENTATION ROADMAP

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#### **SUMMARY**

Executive summary: This research addresses the critical mental health crisis among

global seafarers, presenting a comprehensive framework for "Happy & Healthy Seafarers." It examines alarming prevalence rates, identifies policy and implementation gaps, and proposes a robust multi-phase strategy leveraging developed nations' strengths to

effect global reform.

Strategic direction: Aligns maritime mental health policies with global safety and

sustainability goals, promoting international cooperation, capacity

building, and evidence-based interventions.

Output: Policy recommendations including STCW amendments, digital

health integration, a €500M International Welfare Fund, and clear

monitoring and evaluation frameworks.

Action to be taken:

• The committee requests **IMO**, its member states, and maritime stakeholders to formally adopt the proposed 10-

year framework for seafarer well-being.

• Core Proposal: STCW reform, telemedicine, and sustainable funding—are fully detailed in Section II of the

paper.

Related documents: STCW Table A-VI/1-4(PSSR), Resolution MSC.535(107), HTW

11/6/24, HTW 11/INF.15, MSC/Circ.1014, IMO Model Course 1.28-

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# I. Executive Summary and Crisis Quantification (The Basic Idea)

Sectoral Context: Maritime transport underpins ~90% of global trade, yet exhibits a
quantified mental-health crisis necessitating mandatory regulatory intervention by
developed maritime states. The framework elevates psychological safety from voluntary
welfare guidance to an auditable operational standard.

## 2. Epidemiological Risk Profile:

- **Depression:** 25–30% prevalence (≈4× higher than general populations; e.g., 6% in Germany).
- Anxiety: 17–26% prevalence vs. ~5% in land-based industries.
- Suicide: 20% report suicidal ideation; suicide =  $\sim$ 6.5% of seafarer deaths.

#### 3. Operational & Economic Impact:

- Depressed seafarers are **2**× more injury-prone (22–24% vs. 10–11%).
- Vessel diversions linked to mental-health incidents average **US\$180K** per event.

# 4. Quantifiable Stressor Correlation:

- Noise/Vibration exposure: regression  $\beta = 0.23-0.24$ .
- Bullying/harassment: regression  $\beta \approx 0.26-0.30$ .
- Strong statistical linkage to depression and anxiety confirms mental health as a systemic operational failure, warranting regulatory equivalence with traditional safety risks.

# II. Technical and Regulatory Mechanisms (The Proposal)

This paper is proposed to Correspondence Group of IMO.

The framework mandates three interconnected technical and regulatory interventions focused on compliance, infrastructure, and sustainable financing.

#### 1. Mandatory Regulatory Reform (STCW):

- Amend Regulation VI/1 to make MHA/MHFA compulsory, auditable competencies.
- Operationalize via **IMO Model Courses 1.43 (MHA) & 1.44 (Crisis Intervention)**, ensuring standardized, multilingual, competency-based delivery.

#### 2. Digital Health & Telemedicine Infrastructure:

- Mandate fleetwide digital health systems guaranteeing universal access.
- Deploy 24/7 MTAS (Maritime Telephone Assistance Service) with 90% SOLAS vessel (>5,000 GT) coverage by 2030.

- Integrate ≥1,500 kbps uplink bandwidth into ISM Code to enable HD-level clinical tele consults.
- Require ISO-27001–compliant e-Health records, with integration ensuring ~85% incident resolution without in-port intervention.
- 3. Sustainable Financial Mechanisms:
  - Establish €500M International Welfare Fund (2025–2035).
  - Finance via €0.75/ton CO₂ levy on marine fuel at OECD ports, embedding seafarer welfare in climate-finance/Just Transition policy.
  - Incentivize compliance with ≤15% tonnage tax relief and 8-12% insurer premium reductions, producing >U\$\$1.3B savings per decade.

## III. Implementation and Monitoring (Action Required)

- 1. The framework utilizes a strategic 10-year phased roadmap (2025–2035) and a rigorous Monitoring **Phased Implementation (2025–2035):** 
  - *Phase 1 Foundation* (2025–2027): Validation of IMO Model Courses in pilot academies; establishment of Welfare Fund governance.
  - *Phase 2 Rollout (2027–2030):* Enforcement of STCW amendments; initial deployment of telemedicine systems on SOLAS vessels.
  - *Phase 3 Optimization* (2030–2035): Achieve 90% global fleet coverage with continuous research-driven refinements.
- 2. Quality Assurance and M&E (Monitoring & Evaluation): Standardized clinical outcome tracking through internationally validated tools:
  - PHQ-9 (Patient Health Questionnaire-9) -for depression prevalence/severity,
  - GAD-7 (Generalized Anxiety Disorder-7) -for anxiety incidence,
  - WHO-5 (WHO's-Five Well-Being Index)-for subjective well-being.
- 3. Performance Benchmarks (by 2035):
  - 40% reduction in depression,
  - 50% reduction in anxiety,
  - 60% reduction in suicide rates.
- 4. **Data Accountability:** Mandatory annual reporting integrated into IMO's **GISIS** (**Global Integrated Shipping Information System**) via a new *Seafarer Mental Health Dashboard*, ensuring transparent global oversight.
- 5. **Strategic Impact:** Positions maritime governance to mitigate systemic occupational risk, safeguard human capital, and reinforce long-term fleet resilience.

# IV. Action requested of the Committee

The committee requests **IMO**, its member states, and maritime stakeholders to formally adopt the proposed 10-year framework for seafarer well-being.

Core Proposal: STCW reform, telemedicine, and sustainable funding—are fully detailed in Section II of the paper.